

PATENT  
Attorney Docket No. 401265/FUKAMI

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

In re Application of:

YOSHIHIKO TOYODA

Application No.: Unknown

Art Unit: Unknown

Filed: June 28, 2001

Examiner: Unknown

For: SEMICONDUCTOR  
DEVICE AND  
MANUFACTURING  
METHOD THEREOF

**PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT**

Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

Prior to the examination of the above-identified patent application, please enter the following amendments and consider the following remarks.

**IN THE SPECIFICATION:**

Replace the paragraph beginning at page 1, line 31 with:

Referring to Fig. 41, a thick Cu film 105 deposited on the entire surface by electrolytic plating in a plating liquid of a copper sulfate bath, and embedded in the respective grooves 102a, 102b. At this time, the depositing rate is faster in narrow sections such as narrow grooves and holes 102b than in wide grooves 102a and flat face portions due to the effects of additives added in the plating liquid. As a result, the embedding is preferentially carried out in these portions, and thus, it is possible to obtain a superior embedding property. Moreover, the Cu film 105 deposited outside the grooves 102a, 102b is removed by a chemical mechanical polishing method (CMP method), thereby providing the semiconductor device shown in Fig. 38

Replace the paragraph beginning at page 2, line 22 with:

In order to remove all the thick Cu film 105 on the narrow groove 102b by the CMP method, the thin Cu film 105 on the wide groove 102a needs to be excessively abraded. As a result, the upper surface of wires 104, 105 formed inside the wide groove 102a becomes concave. Consequently, there is a great increase in the resistivity of the wire inside the wide groove 102a, or there are great deviations in the resistivity.

IN THE CLAIMS:

Replace the indicated claims with:

1. (Amended) A semiconductor device comprising:  
an insulating layer having a surface and including a plurality of grooves having different widths; and  
a conductive layer filling each of the grooves and including at least a plated layer, wherein a bottom portion of some of the grooves is non-planar.
2. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portions have a ratio of depth to width of not more than 0.7.
3. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portions have a ratio of depth to width of not more than 0.35.
4. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portions include a concave portion having a groove shape, with a ratio of depth to width greater than 0.35.
5. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portions include a concave portion having a groove shape, with a ratio of depth to width greater than 0.7.

6. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portion includes a concave portion having a hole shape, with a ratio of depth to width greater than 0.35.

7. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portion includes a concave portion having a hole shape, with a ratio of the depth to the width of greater than 0.7.

8. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portion has a concave portion having two slanting side faces intersecting each other in a cross-sectional view.

9. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 8, wherein the side faces are slanted with an angle greater than 20 degrees relative to the surface of said insulating layer.

10. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portions of the grooves have concave portions with a pitch not more than 4 times width of the concave portions.

11. (Amended) A manufacturing method of a semiconductor device comprising:  
forming a plurality of grooves having different widths on a surface of an insulating layer, and forming non-planar bottom surfaces in some of the plurality of grooves;  
plating a metal film on said insulating layer and embedded in the plurality of grooves on the non-planar bottom portions; and  
removing said metal film by chemical mechanical polishing until at least the surface of said insulating layer is exposed so that said metal film remains in the grooves and on the non-planar bottom portions as an interconnection layer.

12. (Amended) The manufacturing method of a semiconductor device according to claim 11, further comprising:

forming a lower interconnection layer beneath said insulating layer; and  
forming a connection hole for connecting said lower interconnection layer and said interconnection layer in said insulating layer, prior to forming the grooves, and simultaneously forming the connection hole and said non-planar portions.

IN THE ABSTRACT:

Replace the Abstract with:

**ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE**

Grooves having different widths are formed in a surface of an insulating film. Interconnections including a barrier metal and a Cu film are embedded in the respective grooves. Uneven bottom portions are formed in the wider grooves. With this arrangement, it is possible to provide a semiconductor device and a manufacturing method, which can reduce a difference in the deposition rate between the wider grooves and narrower grooves.

**REMARKS**

The foregoing Amendment corrects translational errors and conforms the claims to United States practice.

Respectfully submitted,

LEYDIG, VOIT & MAYER, LTD.



Jeffrey A. Wyand  
Registration No. 29,458

Suite 300  
700 Thirteenth Street, N.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20005  
Telephone: (202) 737-6770  
Facsimile: (202) 737-6776  
Date: June 18, 2001  
JAW:ves



PATENT  
Attorney Docket No. 401265/FUKAMI

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

In re Application of:

YOSHIHIKO TOYODA

Application No.: Unknown

Art Unit: Unknown

Filed: June 28, 2001

Examiner: Unknown

For: SEMICONDUCTOR  
DEVICE AND  
MANUFACTURING  
METHOD THEREOF

**SPECIFICATION, CLAIMS AND  
ABSTRACT AS PRELIMINARILY AMENDED**

Amendments to the paragraph beginning at page 1, line 31:

Referring to Fig. 41, ~~the a thick~~ Cu film 105 ~~is thickly~~ deposited on the entire surface by electrolytic plating in a plating liquid of a copper sulfate bath, ~~so as to be and~~ embedded in the respective grooves 102a, 102b. At this time, the depositing rate ~~becomes is~~ faster in narrow sections such as narrow grooves and holes 102b than in wide grooves 102a and flat face portions due to the effects of additives added in the plating liquid, ~~with the. As a result that,~~ the embedding is preferentially carried out in these portions, and thus, it is possible to obtain a superior embedding property. Moreover, the Cu film 105 ~~formed in the portions except deposited outside~~ the grooves 102a, 102b is removed by a chemical mechanical polishing method (CMP method), thereby providing ~~a~~ the semiconductor device shown in Fig. 38

Amendments to the paragraph beginning at page 2, line 22:

In order to remove all the thick Cu film 105 on the narrow groove 102b by the CMP method, the thin Cu film 105 on the wide groove 102a needs to be excessively abraded. As a result, the upper surface of wires 104, 105 formed inside the wide groove 102a ~~is concaved becomes concave~~. Consequently, there is a great increase in the

resistivity of the wire inside the wide groove 102a, or there are great deviations in the resistivity.

Amendments to existing claims:

1. (Amended) A semiconductor device comprising:  
an insulating layer having a surface ~~in which and including~~ a plurality of grooves having different widths ~~are formed~~; and  
a conductive layer ~~formed by filling the inside of each of said the grooves with and including~~ at least ~~plating a plated layer, wherein unevenness is formed on~~ a bottom portion of ~~each of some of the grooves among said plurality of grooves is non-planar.~~
2. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein ~~said unevenness is formed on a the non-planar bottom portion of a groove that has portions have a ratio of the depth to the width of not more than 0.7.~~
3. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein ~~said unevenness is formed on a the non-planar bottom portion of a groove that has portions have a ratio of the depth to the width of not more than 0.35.~~
4. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the ~~non-planar bottom portions include a concave portion of said unevenness has having a groove shape, and said concave portion has with~~ a ratio of the depth to the width ~~of~~ greater than 0.35.
5. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the ~~non-planar bottom portions include a concave portion of said unevenness has having a groove shape, and said concave portion has with~~ a ratio of the depth to the width ~~of~~ greater than 0.7.

6. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portion includes a concave portion of said unevenness having a hole shape, and said concave portion has with a ratio of the depth to the width of greater than 0.35.

7. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portion includes a concave portion of said unevenness having a hole shape, and said concave with a ratio of the depth to the width of greater than 0.7.

8. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portion has a concave portion of said unevenness having two slanting side faces with the two side faces crossing intersecting each other in its cross-section a cross-sectional view.

9. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 8, wherein the side face of said concave portion is faces are slanted with an angle greater than 20 degrees against an upper relative to the surface of said insulating layer.

10. (Amended) The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portions of the grooves have concave portions with a pitch of said concave portions of said unevenness is set to be not more than 4 times the width or the aperture diameter of the concave portion portions.

11. (Amended) A manufacturing method of a semiconductor device comprising: the steps of:

forming a plurality of grooves having different widths on a surface of an insulating layer, and forming unevenness on a non-planar bottom surface of each of surfaces in some grooves among said of the plurality of grooves;

~~depositing plating a metal film on said insulating layer by plating so as to be and embedded in said the plurality of grooves and said unevenness on the non-planar bottom portions; and~~

~~removing said metal film by chemical mechanical polishing until at least the upper surface of said insulating layer is exposed so that said metal film is allowed to remain remains in said the grooves and said unevenness to form a on the non-planar bottom portions as an interconnection layer.~~

12. (Amended) The manufacturing method of a semiconductor device according to claim 11, further comprising ~~the steps of~~:

forming a lower interconnection layer ~~as a lower layer~~ beneath said insulating layer; and

forming a connection hole for connecting said lower interconnection layer and said interconnection layer in said insulating layer, ~~wherein, prior to the formation of said forming the grooves, said and simultaneously forming the connection hole and said unevenness are simultaneously formed non-planar portions.~~

Amendments to the abstract:

#### ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

~~A plurality of grooves~~ Grooves having different widths are formed ~~on in~~ a surface of an insulating film. ~~Interconnection constituted by~~ Interconnections including a barrier metal and a Cu film ~~is formed in a manner so as to be~~ are embedded in the respective grooves. ~~Unevenness formed by, for example, a plurality of grooves are formed on a~~ Uneven bottom portion of each of wide ~~portions are formed in the wider grooves having wide widths among the grooves.~~ With this arrangement, it is possible to provide a semiconductor device and a manufacturing method ~~thereof~~, which can reduce a difference in the deposition rate between the ~~wide~~ wider grooves and ~~narrow~~ narrower grooves.

PATENT  
Attorney Docket No. 401265/FUKAMI

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

In re Application of:

YOSHIHIKO TOYODA

Art Unit: Unknown

Application No.: Unknown

Examiner: Unknown

Filed: June 28, 2001

For: SEMICONDUCTOR  
DEVICE AND  
MANUFACTURING  
METHOD THEREOF

**CLAIMS PENDING AFTER PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT**

1. A semiconductor device comprising:  
an insulating layer having a surface and including a plurality of grooves having different widths; and  
a conductive layer filling each of the grooves and including at least a plated layer, wherein a bottom portion of some of the grooves is non-planar.
2. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portions have a ratio of depth to width of not more than 0.7.
3. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portions have a ratio of depth to width of not more than 0.35.
4. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portions include a concave portion having a groove shape, with a ratio of depth to width greater than 0.35.

5. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portions include a concave portion having a groove shape, with a ratio of depth to width greater than 0.7.

6. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portion includes a concave portion having a hole shape, with a ratio of depth to width greater than 0.35.

7. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portion includes a concave portion having a hole shape, with a ratio of the depth to the width of greater than 0.7.

8. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portion has a concave portion having two slanting side faces intersecting each other in a cross-sectional view.

9. The semiconductor device according to claim 8, wherein the side faces are slanted with an angle greater than 20 degrees relative to the surface of said insulating layer.

10. The semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein the non-planar bottom portions of the grooves have concave portions with a pitch not more than 4 times width of the concave portions.

11. A manufacturing method of a semiconductor device comprising:  
forming a plurality of grooves having different widths on a surface of an insulating layer, and forming non-planar bottom surfaces in some of the plurality of grooves;  
plating a metal film on said insulating layer and embedded in the plurality of grooves on the non-planar bottom portions; and

removing said metal film by chemical mechanical polishing until at least the surface of said insulating layer is exposed so that said metal film remains in the grooves and on the non-planar bottom portions as an interconnection layer.

12. The manufacturing method of a semiconductor device according to claim 11, further comprising:

forming a lower interconnection layer beneath said insulating layer; and

forming a connection hole for connecting said lower interconnection layer and said interconnection layer in said insulating layer, prior to forming the grooves, and simultaneously forming the connection hole and said non-planar portions.